ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL - 3, MUMBAI.

Periodic Test --1 (July. 2024)

CLASS : III Sec : Unique Identification no. : _	Sub.: English	Date:	Time : 1½ hrs. Max Marks:40
Invigilator's Sign:		 gn:	
	[(A) READING -		<u> </u>
A. 1 Read the given story a	nd do as directed	1.	
There was a boy called Bada	al. He lived with his	mother in	a village, and they were
very happy. One evening, wh	ien Badal was retu	rning from	school, he saw a puppy
shivering in the cold. Badal b	rought the puppy I	nome and a	sked his mother, "Can
this puppy stay with us, Maa'	?" His mother agre	ed, but only	/ if Badal promised to
take care of the puppy. They	named the puppy	Moti. As da	ys went by, Moti grew up
and loved Badal. They becar	ne best friends, ea	ting and pla	aying together. Moti
followed Badal wherever he	went, and they pla	yed their fa	vourite games together.
A.1.1 Answer the following	g questions.		(1×2=2)
(a) What was the name of the	e boy in the story?		
(b) Where did Badal live?			
A.1.2 Fill in the Blanks.			(1×2=2)
(1) Badal found a		shivering	in the cold.
(2) The puppy was named			
A.1.3 The opposite of "Ho	ot" is		(1)

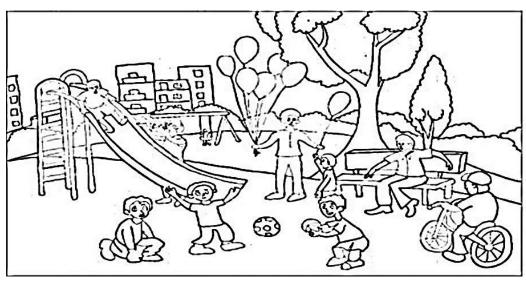
A.2 Read the give passage and answer the following questions.

Butterflies are small, flying insects known for their colourful wings. There are different types of butterflies, such as monarch butterflies, swallowtail butterflies and painted lady butterflies. Butterflies go through a process called metamorphosis, which is a change in their body structure. When they are born, they are small, crawling creatures called caterpillars. As they grow, they spin a cocoon around themselves and transform into a butterfly. Butterflies are important to the

environment because they help pollinate flowers and plants. They drink nectar from flowers and spread pollen as they fly from one flower to another.

A 2.1 Answer the following Q	uestions.	(2)
1. Who transforms into a bu	tterfly ?	
2. Why are butterflies impor	tant to the environment?	
	sing the words from the help box. , metamorphosis}	(1×2=2)
1. Butterflies drink	from flowers.	
2. Butterflies go through a proc	ess called	
A.3.1 Write 'T' for true and 'F' 1. Butterflies don't spread polle		(1)

[(B) WRITING - 10 MARKS]



B.1 Look at the picture and write four sentences about it.	(4)
1	
2	
3	
4	

	e sentences about y			(3)
·				
B .3 Write the	given paragraph nea	atly.		(3)
spend more tim	n times when we don e with our family and e, such as drawing, r	friends. On holidays	s, we can wake up	
C 1 Write the	[(C) G	GRAMMAR 10 MAF	RKS]	(2)
	((b) At	oove x	(2)
				(2)
-	the sentences with			(2)
	t		box	
				(2)
_	the letters to find t			(2)
b) LYLEWO) RENEG d) RUPPEL				
C.4 Circle the a		d) NOFFE		
(a). Carrot		Leg	chair	(2)
(b) Sun	_	dig	Sleep	
,	or a (.) to the foll	_	Oleep	(2)
	name	•		(2)
•	s in the east			
<u> </u>	5 Juol			

[(D) TEXTUAL QUESTIONS - 10 MARKS]

D. 1 Answer the following questions .		(1×4=4)
(a) How many children	are there in the poem " Colours"?	
(b) Why did the children	want to share the crayons?	
(c) What did Badal and	his mother name the puppy?	
(d) What did Badal fall i	nto ?	
D.2. Write T' for true ar	nd 'F' for false.	(2)
(I) Moti caught Badal's p	hoto. ()	
(ii) Moti grew up and love	ed Badal.()	
(iii) Badal lived with his	grandmother. ()	
(iv) Badal hugged his pu	uppy Moti and thanked him. ()
D.3. Match the pairs .		(2)
1. Rain	Ball	
2.News	Berry	
3.Blue	Paper	
4.Basket	Bow	
D 4. Draw something o	f your choice using only green, bl	ue and red crayons. 2